

Saving our Species project 2013-14 annual report card

Bolivia Homoranthus

Species attributes

Scientific name:	<i>Homoranthus croftianus</i>
NSW status:	Endangered
Commonwealth status:	Not listed
Management stream:	Site-managed



Photographer: Lachlan Copeland

Overall project status*

- Populations at all key management sites are generally stable or increasing
- All management is being implemented as planned; too early to detect response to management at some sites
- Management at some sites requires review/amendment to ensure that the project is likely to meet its objectives
- Major review of / changes to the project required to ensure long-term objectives are likely to be met

*For SoS priority management sites (may not include all locations where the species occurs in NSW)

Project summary

Key management sites:	Bolivia Hill; Translocation site
Action implementation:	5 of 5 actions were implemented as planned for the financial year (includes species population monitoring actions + other project actions fully or partially implemented)
Total expenditure:	\$53,399 (cash and in-kind)
Project partners:	Office of Environment and Heritage

Management site 1: Bolivia Hill

LGA: Tenterfield

Project partners: Office of Environment and Heritage

Species population monitoring action

Reported trends are based on best available information

Estimated population	Population monitoring conducted	Conducted by	Trend
100	Yes	Office of Environment and Heritage	Stable

Investment

This includes cash and in-kind contributions

Project participant	Investment
Office of Environment and Heritage	\$3,999

Project actions

The project actions below are those identified as being required in 2013-14 to secure the species in the wild

Threat	Management/monitoring action description	Implemented as planned?
Grazing by feral goats and rabbits.	Quantitative assessment of pest animal abundance/density/activity using appropriate methodology or qualitative estimate	Yes
Grazing by feral goats and rabbits.	Install and maintain a rabbit and goat proof fence. Approximately <1 square km area.	Yes
The restricted distribution and low population numbers makes the species vulnerable to localised catastrophic events.	Ensure no hazard reduction burning occurs where the species occurs within the site. Ensure plant locations are incorporated into the park fire management plan.	Yes
The restricted distribution and low population numbers makes the species vulnerable to localised catastrophic events.	Monitor species recruitment and adult condition immediately post-fire event and subsequently every 6 months for 3 years.	Yes

Site summary

Monitoring indicates that the population and threats are stable.

Management site 2: Translocation site

LGA: site to be selected

No actions were implemented at this site during 2013/14.