The ‘Indicative Coastal Floodplain Endangered Ecological Community (EEC) Map Series’ has been prepared by the Department of Environment and Climate Change as a guide for identifying potential areas where Coastal Floodplain EECs may occur. Coastal Floodplain EECs are:

1. Coastal Saltmarsh in the NSW North Coast, Sydney Basin and South-east Corner Bioregions (CS)
2. Freshwater Wetlands on Coastal Floodplains of the NSW North Coast, Sydney Basin and South-east Corner Bioregions (FWW)
3. Swamp Sclerophyll Forest on Coastal Floodplains on the NSW North Coast, Sydney Basin and South-east Corner Bioregions (SSF)
4. Swamp Oak Floodplain Forest of the NSW North Coast, Sydney Basin and South-east Corner Bioregions (SOFF)
5. River-flat Eucalypt Forest on Coastal Floodplains on the NSW North Coast, Sydney Basin and South-east Corner Bioregions (RFEF)

The boundary for this layer has been derived from geological and soil mapping. Due to the complex nature of vegetation assemblages, it is estimated that as much 15% of the remaining Coastal Floodplain EECs may occur outside these boundaries. Coastal Floodplain EECs may occur in other areas with similar landscape attributes (i.e. soils, rainfall, elevation etc) that have not been picked up during the geological & soil mapping process.

REFERENCES

This ‘Indicative Coastal Floodplain’ layer has been derived using the following sources:


*Other data layers provided by NSW Department of Lands
*All photos supplied by Lucas McKinnon unless stated otherwise