

Koala rehabilitation

Training standards for the wildlife rehabilitation sector



Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water

Acknowledgement of Country

Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water acknowledges the Traditional Custodians of the lands where we work and live.

We pay our respects to Elders past, present and emerging.

This resource may contain images or names of deceased persons in photographs or historical content.



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Artist and designer Nikita Ridgeway from Aboriginal design agency Boss Lady Creative Designs created the People and Community symbol.

Cover photo: Koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*). Shona Lorigan/DCCEEW

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ISBN 978-1-923436-97-8 EH 2025/0195 July 2025

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Introduction

Volunteers play a critical role in the rescue and rehabilitation of sick, injured and orphaned koalas in New South Wales. Each year about 1,300 koalas on average are rescued and volunteers participating in the delivery of care are trained to ensure that animals in rehabilitation are managed humanely and have the best chance of release back to the wild.

The Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water (the department), in collaboration with leading koala rehabilitation providers, has prepared these *Koala rehabilitation training standards* for use by trainers in the wildlife rehabilitation sector. These training standards build on the high level of expertise that already exists within the sector and have been designed as a guide to evaluate, develop and support new and existing training. The intended outcome is to ensure minimum training standards are in place for volunteers across the sector, as recommended in the *NSW volunteer wildlife rehabilitation sector strategy*. This will give greater certainty about the quality of care afforded to koalas in rehabilitation.

These standards must be used for delivering introductory training for koala rehabilitation. They describe the skills and knowledge that such training must include to ensure volunteers meet the requirements of the department's *Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas*. Any person with an authority to rescue and rehabilitate koalas in New South Wales must be trained to these standards and be assessed as competent. This applies to both home care and facility-based models.

These training standards have been ordered into <u>3 suggested core areas of training</u>. Training programs can be structured in their entirety to replicate the standards, broken down to cover individual or multiple standards, or can be based on certain roles within koala rehabilitation. Irrespective of the structure used, all training must include the standards relevant to a role and must cover the duties this role would be expected to perform upon completion of the training.

All training must be compliant with the *Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas*. It must have a written assessment component, be competency-based and be accompanied by ongoing in-field support from experienced koala rehabilitators.

Once a person is trained to these standards they can undertake advanced refresher training and professional development opportunities as determined by their licensed wildlife rehabilitation organisation.

Additional information on training to these standards can be found in the companion *Koala rehabilitation training standards: trainers guide.* This document has been designed to support the sector develop their training in line with these standards.

Structure of the standards

There are 12 koala rehabilitation training standards, organised into the following structure:

- **Objective** is the aim of each training standard.
- **Learning outcomes** are the knowledge and skills a learner will have obtained and be able to demonstrate upon completion of training.
- **Sections in the code** identify sections in the *Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas* that are applicable to each standard.

Prerequisites

As per the *Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas,* new wildlife rehabilitators must undertake an introductory training course. For generalist groups this would be covered in their induction training. For koala-specific groups this can be completed as separate induction training or incorporated into Standard 1: The framework of koala rehabilitation in New South Wales.

Definitions

Advanced refresher training: a standard in *Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas* requires wildlife rehabilitators to complete additional training every 3 years.

Code of practice: specifies the minimum standards of care needed to protect the welfare of animals in rehabilitation. There is a general code and species-specific codes. The *Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas* is the relevant code for koalas.

Competency: is defined by the Australian Skills Quality Authority as the consistent application of knowledge and skill to the standard of performance required in the workplace. It embodies the ability to transfer and apply skills and knowledge to new situations and environments.

Learning outcomes: a clear statement of what a learner is expected to be able to do, know about and/or value at the completion of a unit of study, and how well they should be expected to achieve those outcomes.

Objective: the aim of each standard.

Prerequisites: some training requires a learner to have completed another course before they can enrol; the earlier course would be considered a 'prerequisite' of the more advanced training.

Professional development: activities that develop or maintain skills or knowledge. Examples could include workshops, conferences, mentoring, independent research and courses.

Standard: a level of accepted quality.

Resources

- Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas
- Koala rehabilitation training standards: trainers' guide
- NSW Volunteer Wildlife Rehabilitation Sector Strategy

Koala rehabilitation standards: core areas of training

There are 12 koala rehabilitation standards organised into 3 core training areas.

Core training area	Relevant standard
	Standard 1: The framework of koala rehabilitation in New South Wales
	Standard 2: Work health and safety requirements of koala rehabilitation
Foundations	Standard 3: Record keeping
	Standard 4: Biology and behaviour of koalas
	Standard 5: Stress management in koalas
	Standard 6: Rescue of koalas
Rescue	Standard 7: Transport of koalas
	Standard 8: Assessment of koalas
	Standard 9: Rehabilitation of adult koalas
Rehabilitation	Standard 10: Rehabilitation of koala joeys
and release	Standard 11: Leaf identification and collection
	Standard 12: Release of koalas

1. Foundations of koala rehabilitation

Standard 1: The framework of koala rehabilitation in New South Wales

Objective

Familiarise learners with the relevant policies and procedures of koala rehabilitation and provide them with an understanding of the framework that exists to support and regulate koala rehabilitation in New South Wales. Learners must be aware of and understand the *Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas.*

- 1.1 Discuss the Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas.
- 1.2 Ensure organisational policies and procedures applicable to koala rehabilitation are defined and understood by learners.
- 1.3 Ensure objectives of koala rehabilitation are understood by learners.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 1 learners will be able to:	All
 identify and demonstrate understanding of the NSW Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas identify organisational policies and procedures on koala rehabilitation 	
• recognise the objectives of koala rehabilitation.	

Standard 2: Work health and safety requirements of koala rehabilitation

Objective

Ensure learners are able to prioritise their safety and that of the people around them when undertaking koala rescue and rehabilitation.

- 2.1 Explain the work health and safety (WHS) risks associated with the site, equipment or activity and how they can be minimised.
- 2.2 Explain the WHS risks associated with handling and restraining koalas and how they can be minimised.
- 2.3 Discuss rehabilitator wellbeing and the potential mental health impacts of wildlife rehabilitation.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 2 learners will be able to:identify WHS risks associated with koala rehabilitation	3. Rescue 6. Care procedures
 employ techniques to minimise the WHS risks to themselves and other people. 	7. Rehabilitation care 10. Release considerations

Standard 3: Record keeping

Objective

Explain the record keeping requirements of koala rehabilitation.

- 3.1 Explain the department's reporting requirements.
- 3.2 Explain organisational reporting requirements.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
 Upon completion of Standard 3 learners will be able to: keep records in accordance with the department's and organisational requirements. 	12. Record keeping

Standard 4: Biology and behaviour of koalas

Objective

Ensure detailed knowledge of the koala is taught to learners. This is done by providing learners with the foundational tools to understand koala biology and behaviour and how these aspects inform interactions with koalas undergoing rehabilitation.

- 4.1 Explain features of koala biology including anatomy, physiology, social structure and habitat and relate them to koala rehabilitation.
- 4.2 Provide the tools and understanding required to identify normal behaviours in koalas.
- 4.3 Provide the tools and understanding required to recognise signs of abnormal behaviour in koalas.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 4, learners will be able to:	All
 relate koala biology and behaviour to koala rehabilitation 	
 recognise signs of normal behaviour in koalas 	
recognise signs of abnormal behaviour in koalas.	

Standard 5: Stress management in koalas

Objective

Communicate the importance of managing stress in koalas and to provide mechanisms for minimising this stress.

- 5.1 Explain the effects of stress on a koala at various stages of rescue and rehabilitation.
- 5.2 Provide the tools and understanding required to recognise signs of stress in a koala.
- 5.3 Discuss methods for minimising stress on a koala at various stages of rescue and rehabilitation.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 5, learners will be able to:	3. Rescue
 recognise signs of stress in koalas and its impact 	4. Transport
• apply methods for minimising stress on a koala.	5. Euthanasia
	6. Care procedures
	7. Rehabilitation care
	8. Housing
	10. Release considerations

2. Rescue

Standard 6: Rescue of koalas

Objective

Ensure learners have the skills to safely, efficiently and humanely rescue a koala.

- 6.1 Outline common reasons for koala rescue.
- 6.2 Detail how to plan a rescue, including the use of the decision tree in the *Code of practice for injured, sick and orphaned koalas,* to establish the appropriate course of action.
- 6.3 Detail the correct method and equipment required to handle and rescue a koala, as suitable to common rescue situations, conditions and ages of a koala.
- 6.4 Demonstrate how to rescue a koala to humanely minimise pain, stress and potential injury.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 6, learners will be able to:	2. Case assessment
list the common reasons why koalas require rescue	3. Rescue
• assess a rescue situation and plan the rescue of a koala	4. Transport
safely rescue a koala using correct equipment	5. Euthanasia
• determine the type of intervention required at a rescue site.	

Standard 7: Transport of koalas

Objective

Ensure learners have the skills to transport a koala safely, efficiently and humanely.

- 7.1 Demonstrate how to appropriately contain a koala for transport based on different sizes, stages of development and conditions.
- 7.2 Outline how to secure the transport container to prevent escape and further injury.
- 7.3 Discuss the most suitable person or location that a koala should be transported to, based on different ages, conditions and organisational policies.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 7, learners will be able to:	2. Case assessment
 prepare a carrier for transport of a koala 	3. Rescue
• understand the appropriate person or location to transport a	4. Transport
koala to, based on different ages, conditions and organisational policies.	5. Euthanasia

Standard 8: Assessment of koalas

Objective

Equip learners with the skills necessary to assess the health status of a koala.

To comply with this standard, a rehabilitation organisation must:

- 8.1 Explain how to conduct an initial assessment of a koala.
- 8.2 Explain the requirements of a thorough assessment of a koala.
- 8.3 Emphasise the need to seek prompt advice and assistance for a koala from coordinator(s) or other relevant personnel, as appropriate to its condition.
- 8.4 Demonstrate use of body scoring to assess the condition of a koala.
- 8.5 Identify tooth wear as the primary method for determining the age of a koala.
- 8.6 Distinguish signs of and ways to determine common diseases and injuries affecting koalas.
- 8.7 Explain how to manage an injured or diseased koala based on the severity of its condition.
- 8.8 Outline criteria and approved methods for humane euthanasia.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 8, learners will be able to:	5. Euthanasia
conduct an initial assessment of a koala	6. Care procedures
 assess the health status of a koala and recognise stages, symptoms and severity of common diseases and injuries 	7. Rehabilitation care 8. Housing
• determine the appropriate course of action for a koala based on its condition	U U

• outline criteria for and approved methods of euthanasia.

3. Rehabilitation of koalas

Standard 9: Rehabilitation of adult koalas

Objective

Equip learners with the skills to provide high-quality rehabilitative care of adult koalas at the relevant stage(s) of housing.

Note: This standard can be applied to a single stage of care, i.e. intensive care, intermediate care or pre-release care, depending on the role the learner will be expected to perform upon successful completion of the training.

To comply with this standard, a rehabilitation organisation must:

- 9.1 Explain the importance of and process for quarantining individual koalas entering rehabilitation.
- 9.2 Specify stages of housing (intensive, intermediate and pre-release).
- 9.3 State the housing requirements and considerations relevant to stages of housing.
- 9.4 Describe appropriate equipment and furniture for stages of housing.
- 9.5 Explain how to appropriately provide food and water based on the condition of a koala.
- 9.6 Discuss how to monitor a koala in accordance with stages of housing and condition.
- 9.7 Demonstrate how to complete a rehabilitation care plan.
- 9.8 Illustrate disease control and hygiene practices appropriate to stages of housing.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 9, learners will be able to:	5. Euthanasia
explain the requirements of housing for koalas	6. Care procedures
demonstrate correct set-up for housing koalas	7. Rehabilitation care
 provide food and water appropriate to age and condition of a koala 	8. Housing
monitor a koala undergoing rehabilitation	

• complete a rehabilitation care plan for an adult koala.

Standard 10: Rehabilitation of koala joeys

Objective

Provide learners with the specialised knowledge required to rehabilitate a koala joey.

- 10.1 Specify key stages of joey development.
- 10.2 Describe appropriate housing for a koala joey based on stage of development.
- 10.3 Discuss appropriate food and feeding methods for a joey based on its stage of development.
- 10.4 Examine common conditions and diseases that affect koala joeys.
- 10.5 Illustrate disease control and hygiene practices appropriate to stages of housing.
- 10.6 Demonstrate how to complete a rehabilitation care plan for a koala joey.
- 10.7 Describe mechanisms to reduce stress and encourage natural behaviours in koala joeys.
- 10.8 Prepare a hand-raised koala for release.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code	
 Upon completion of Standard 10, learners will be able to: outline the requirements for koala joey rehabilitation identify stages of development for koala joeys and relate these to rehabilitation 	2. Case assessment 5. Euthanasia 6. Care procedures	
 apply hygiene and disease control processes to koala joey rehabilitation 	7. Rehabilitation care 8. Housing	
 reduce stress and encourage natural behaviours in koala joeys 		
• complete a rehabilitation care plan for a koala joey.		

Standard 11: Leaf identification and collection

Objective

Introduce learners to techniques for identifying and collecting leaf for koalas in rehabilitation.

- 11.1 Identify legislative requirements and best practice standards for harvesting leaf.
- 11.2 Discuss how to select leaf to maximise intake by koalas.
- 11.3 Describe how to collect, transport and store leaf to minimise contamination and moisture loss.
- 11.4 Discuss how to collect the appropriate volume of leaf.
- 11.5 Identify species of locally significant food trees.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 11, learners will be able to:collect leaf to promote health and sustainability of trees	7. Rehabilitation care
 select the most appropriate and correct amount of leaf for consumption by koalas 	
• correctly identify locally significant primary and secondary food trees.	
• transport and store leaf to minimise contamination and moisture loss.	

Standard 12: Release of koalas

Objective

Ensure learners understand suitability for release and criteria for releasing a koala.

To comply with this standard, a rehabilitation organisation must:

- 12.1 Assess release considerations for koalas including timing and site selection.
- 12.2 Explain how to determine a koala's suitability for release.
- 12.3 Detail the correct techniques and equipment for releasing a koala.
- 12.4 Explain the Australian Museum genetic sampling protocol.

Learning outcomes	Sections in the code
Upon completion of Standard 12, learners will be able to:	9. Suitability for release
assess a koala for release suitabilitycompetently release a koala	10. Release considerations
• outline the genetic sampling protocol for sending samples to the Australian Museum.	

Koala rehabilitation: training standards for the wildlife rehabilitation sector