

## **FIRE SEASON INFORMATION**

The critical fire season occurs between January and March, when the potential for fire events is at its highest. Particular care and monitoring is required during periods of prolonged drought when strong negative Southern Oscillation Indices preceed the fire season, and when low pressure systems dominate central and southern Australia during and leading up to the fire season. During these times fires may exhibit high intensity behaviour in windy conditions and exceed current rate of spread indices. Periods of extended drought, may give rise to higher potential bushfire behaviour during winter. Any proposed prescribed burning should be undertaken before late autumn precipitation occurs. Least likely period to disrupt fauna during

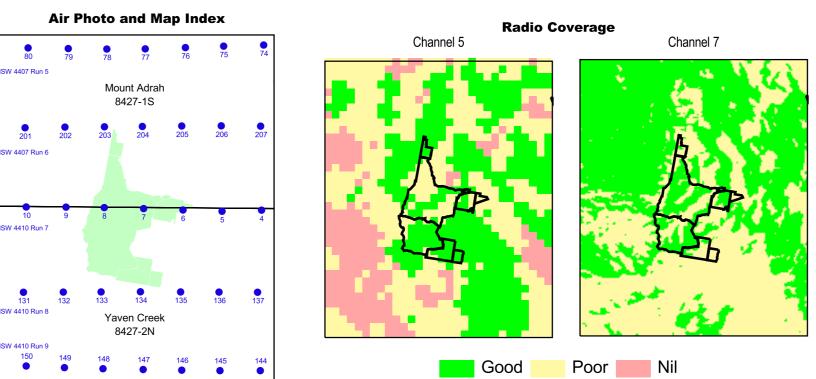
- Arrangements may be made to replace water used after the fire, as required.

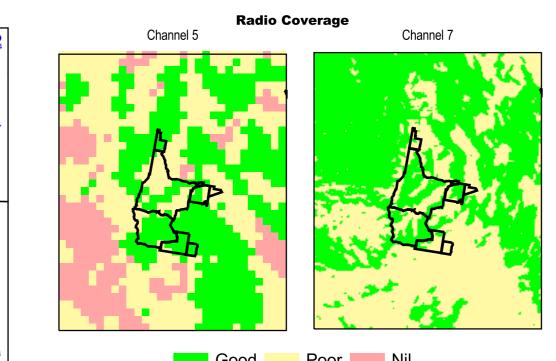
prescribed burning is at the end of March and April, depending on weather conditions (past, present and forecast). Any fire in spring should be During the fire season prevailing winds during the day are from the west and northwest. All ignitions under a SW influence should be

SUPPRESSION STRATEGIES						
FFDI	OPERATIONAL GUIDELINES					
Current Low - Mod & Forecast Low - Mod	<ul> <li>- Undertake direct, parallel or indirect attack along existing containment lines.</li> <li>- Where practicable, consider maximising the fire area in accordance with the requirements of any proposed prescribed burns in the fire planning strategy and Bushfire Management Committee agreements.</li> </ul>					
Current Low - Mod & Forecast High or >	<ul> <li>In order to minimise the fire area and secure the flanks as soon as possible, undertake direct, parallel or indirect attack along the closest containment lines.</li> <li>Pay particular attention to the flank on the next predicted down wind side.</li> <li>Consider fall back containment strategies</li> </ul>					
Current High or > & Forecast High or >	<ul> <li>- Undertake indirect attack along existing or newly constructed containment lines.</li> <li>- Secure and deepen containment lines along the next predicted downwind side of the fire.</li> <li>- Allow sufficient time to secure containment lines to avoid wasted effort and potential failure.</li> <li>- Prepare and implement fall back containment strategies.</li> </ul>					

- Reserve trails will function as fire advantages

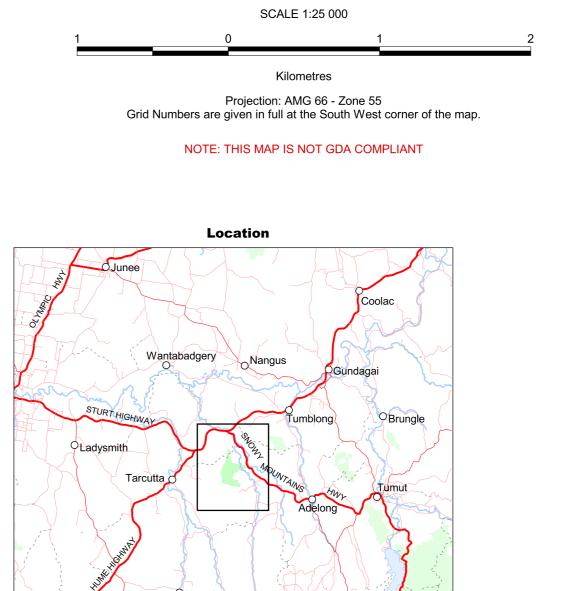
Streams in the reserve are intermittent and should not be regarded as passive control lines under normal conditions





Refuge Area

Escape Route



		AIRCRAFT	11	9.10 Mhz	State wide			
ð		COMMUNICATIONS (Fire Communication Traffic Advisory Frequencies F-CTAF)	12 12 12 12	0.80 Mhz 2.80 Mhz 3.45 Mhz 8.70 Mhz 2.75 Mhz	State wide State wide Pilots (chit chat) "The N State wide State wide	Numbers" chann	el Unauthorised and inappropr of Aviation Channels is a criminal offence	;
١		Mobile Phone Coverage- gene  CONTACT PHONE  NATIONAL PARKS AND WILDLI	E NUMBE			nal may be weak	er in gullies and areaa with a dens	0 0 0
ood	Poor Nil	SWS Tumut Office (B/H) SWS Tumut Office Fax Incident Answering Service (A/H) COUNCILS Tumut Council Brungle ALC NEIGHBOUR INFORMATION	6947 7000 6947 4170	Tumut Fire C	Control Centre (Ph) (Fax) Duty Officer re Control Centre (Ph) (Fax) Duty Officer	6931 5626 6931 5000 6944 4011 6944 4013 6947 0549	POLICE - Tumut (Ph) (Fax)  AMBULANCE State Emergency Service Tumut Tumut Rescue Squad Fire Brigade - Tumut  OTHER ORGANISATIONS	6947 7199 6947 7111 13 1233 6947 2877 6947 1679 6947 1622
		Consult SWS Region databases		State Opera	tions (24 hrs)	8741 5400	WIRES (24 Hr)	6949 5999

**South West Slopes Region** 

**Ellerslie Nature Reserve** 

Fire Operations Map

LIFE & PROPERTY GUIDELINES

Where possible;

Where possible;

**CULTURAL HERITAGE GUIDELINES** 

(FMM 4.11)

Scarred trees

over-hangs

**Asset Protection** There are no recorded assets within the reserve.

HERITAGE MANAGEMENT ZONE GUIDELINES

- Avoid the use of earth moving machines. - Avoid the use of suffactants/retardants.

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This Map should be used in conjunction with air photos and ground reconnaissance during incidents and the development

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This map is based on Land and Property Information Standard 1:25000 Topographic Map Series. Reproduced with permission of Land and Property Information.

Visitor safety - Visitors in or adjacent to the fire ground will not be permitted unless authorised by the Incident Controller. The presence

- Contain fires to small areas and lower potential intensity and manage to produce mosaic burn patterns.

- Prescribed fire or other fuel manipulation program may be applied to the area to reduce potential risks.

- Retardants and foams may be used to suppress fire, however minimise use within 50m of water courses and dams.

- Brief personnel involved in control line construction and vehicle based fire suppression operations on site locations and

- Where possible, avoid new trail construction within 20m of trees and construct trails on the advancing fire side of the tree.

- Hazard reduction or back burning operations should minimise the potential threat of radiant heat on the tree.

- Avoid new trail construction or ground disturbance within close proximity of site. Where possible, ensure site is

- Avoid direct attack methods (including aerial water bombing) at known sites. Surfactants and retardants in aerial line

- Prescribed burn or back burning operations should protect sites from the potential threat of radiant heat and smoke on

- Avoid new trail construction or ground disturbance within close proximity of site. Where practicable, ensure site is

- Avoid aerial water bombing, use of foams and or retardants at known sites. Use of foam or aerial line drops may be

- Prescribed burn or back burning operations should protect sites from the potential threat of radiant heat and smoke

- Avoid ground disturbance at or within close proximity of the site (30m). Earthmoving blades should be raised in these

- Where possible, avoid new trail construction within 20m of the memorial and construct control lines on the

- Hazard reduction or back burning operations should minimise the potential threat of radiant heat on the tree by

5 MRX 77.7000 MTX 80.2000 Big Talbingo Mountain - Southern section has the best coverage.

Channel to be determined by ground crews, crew leaders, Division

Recently Burnt Area

commanders etc. Any changes will be noted in IAP.

7 MRX 78.7625 MTX 81.2625 Mount Yaven - Northern section has the best coverage.

- Protect mature trees and avoid felling large and hollow bearing trees during 'mop up' activities.

- Prescribed fire should be avoided, unless deemed necessary for ecological purposes.

- Where wildfires occur in untreated areas programed for prescribed burning (ie. SFMZ).

- Manage fire to produce mosaic (patchy) burn patterns (where weather conditions permit). - Earthmoving equipment may be used to contain fire within DEC policy guidelines.

the required management strategies for site protection. Include in Incident Action Plans.

- Clear fuels, with hand tools, from tree base and/or foam base to 3m up tree trunk.

protected by constructing trails or hand tool lines on the advancing fires side.

protected by constructing trails or hand tool lines on the advancing fire side.

- Avoid direct attack methods (including aerial water bombing) at known sites. - Use of foam or aerial line drops may be used adjacent to, but not directly on sites. - Clear fuels, with hand tools, from trunk base and/or cover stump with foam.

- Clear, by hand (whipper snippers, brush cutters, mowers), excess fuels from the site.

locations to avoid damage to sites on trails, unless a "Consent to Destroy" has been attained.

For the purposes of public exhibition, some information will not be displayed due to obligations under the Freedom of Information Act 1989, Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998, regulations and amendments, and Memorandum of Understanding between the Department of Environment and Conservation and Aboriginal Communities.

> MRX 415.0625 MTX 405.6125 Wereboldera - primary channel. 78 MRX 418.9625 MTX 409.5125 Mount Adrah - secondary channel.

- Clear, by hand, excess fuels from the site.

- Avoid direct attack methods on sites.

(carbon deposition) on sites.

following the above proceedure.

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

FMM - contains extracts from NSW National Parks and Wildlife Service Fire Management Manual (December 2004).

AGENCY/RESOURCE | CHANNEL | MRX FREQ. | MTX FREQ. | NOTES

79.9625

used adjacent to, but not directly on sites.

drops may be used adjacent to, but not directly on sites.

- Liaise with the relevant heritage officer and or representative where considered necessary.

- Minimise the potential for fire to spread and or contain to existing control lines.

- 'Park closed' or 'smoke hazard' signs must be placed in areas used by visitors prior to undertaking prescribed burning.

**GUIDELINES (WITHIN THE ZONE)** 

(NPWS FMM 3.6) of visitors should be reported to the incident controller immediately, who will arrange for an evacuation if necessary.

- Notify media that wildfire or prescribed fire exists within the reserve/area.

			Ellerslie Nature Reserves	- Waypoints				
Name	Ref N	0	Description	Ea	sting	Northing	Longitude	Latitude
Dunns Road Kells Dam Lanes 1 Lanes 2 Lanes 3 Lanes 4 Lanes 5 Lanes 6 Mount Yaven Mt Pleasant Ck Nth Oberne Ellerslie Tr South Dam South Ridge Trail Sturgess 1 Sturgess 2 Sturgess 3 Yaven Yaven Ck	H1 H2 H3 H4 H5	Waterpoint -	Helicopter, Waterpoint - Vehicle Vehicle Vehicle Vehicle Vehicle Helicopter Vehicle Helicopter Remote Helipad Vehicle	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	83600 81280 78110 78120 78100 78800 77860 78260 78360 82480 79970 82340 82770 82820 82820 82980 81640	6094600 6094980 6096450 6096240 6096060 6095760 6095740 6099900 6095740 6103080 6095230 6095230 6095080 6099210 6098950 6099360	147°55' 10" 147°53' 38" 147°51' 32" 147°51' 32" 147°51' 31" 147°51' 30" 147°51' 22" 147°51' 41" 147°54' 25" 147°52' 46" 147°54' 20" 147°54' 35" 147°54' 35" 147°54' 35"	35°17' 17" 35°17' 06" 35°16' 19" 35°16' 26" 35°16' 40" 35°16' 41" 35°16' 42" 35°16' 41" 35°16' 43" 35°16' 58" 35°16' 58" 35°17' 02" 35°14' 48" 35°14' 57" 35°14' 57" 35°14' 43"
mbly Area	0	Farm Dam	BFCC Standard Trail		Walkin	_		Waterbody
Camp	•	Spotheight	Primary Secondary		Railway	/ g Ground		DEC Estate - HI
ol Centre	Δ	Survey Landmark	x-x-x- Dormant		Gas Pi			DEC Estate - HI
ng Area	$\bowtie$	Gate	Management Trail	66KV		Power Line		Other DEC Esta
se	H	Locked Gate	Cat 1 Cat 2		`	Voltage) Power Line		Crown Land
r Point - Helicopter	(T)	Homestead Complex	Cat 7		State B			State Forest
·	***	·	<b></b> Cat 9		100m C	Contour	1:1:1:1:	Timber Plantation
r Point - Vehicle	<b>₹</b>	Asset	Other Roads		20m Co	ontour		Timber Plantatio
ad	<b>₹</b> A	Threatened Fauna	Sealed Road  Main Unsealed Road		Cadast	re		Wooded Area